# HEAT & ABRASION RESISTANT CERAMIC COMPOSITE epigen XD001



### **TECHNICAL BULLETIN**

A trowellable, high performance solventless, two component polymer composite containing graded ceramic particles in an epoxy resin, designed to meet the highest standards of elevated temperature service, chemical resistance, and corrosion protection.

The polymer composite comprises medium grading of sintered ceramic of extreme hardness and resistance to abrasion for the treatment of steel and brick in applications where temperatures may exceed 150 Celsius or the substrate requires protection from hot chemicals.

Extremely high reaction cross linking density affords XD001 the ability to resist a range of organic solvents including ketones and chlorinated aromatics . Also highly favoured where the lining is required to address hot highly corrosive acids.

The surface finish may be applied as a thin film with 5mm recommended to be the minimum. It is acceptable to apply high builds in most situations to maximize life but thinner applications require review for void formation that could lead through to the substrate.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

| Exhaust Stacks     | Tanks & Vessels    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Flanges            | Bearing Faces      |
| Pumps & Impellors  | Ducting Systems    |
| Rail Cars          | Scrubbers          |
| Laundries          | Steelwork Coating  |
| Pipelines & Valves | Solvent Extraction |
|                    |                    |

#### **FEATURES**

Highly corrosion resistant polymer system

Free of all solvents - zero VOC

Engineered for high mechanical strength

Resistant to organic solvents

HDT 150 Celsius - Practical service beyond 200 Celsius

Outstanding resistance to chemicals & acids

Excellent resistance to sliding abrasion

Suitable as an adhesive for Ceramic Tiles

Tough polymer with high adhesive strength

Engineered for high mechanical strength



#### **PROFILE**

| Ratio by weight             | 2 parts "A" to 1 part "B" |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Pot Life minutes @ 20°C     | 60                        |
| Mixed consistency @ 24°C    | Trowellable Paste         |
| Specific gravity when mixed | 2.0                       |
| Coverage, /m² @ 10mm        | 20.0kg                    |
| Tack free time @ 24°C       | 180 minutes               |

#### **TYPICAL CURED PROPERTIES**

| Compressive strength ASTM D695, Mpa                      | >60  |
|--|------|
| Tensile strength ASTM D638, Mpa                          | >25  |
| Flexural strength ASTM D790, Mpa                         | >30  |
| Hardness, Shore D  | >90  |
| Elongation ASTM D638, %                                  | 0.1  |
| Thermal conductivity ASTM C177, Kcal/m.hroC              | 0.6  |
| Maximum exposure temperature, ° C                        | 240* |
| Heat deflection temperature ASTM D648, $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ | 150  |
| Thin Film Gel @ 10mm, Minutes                            | 180  |
| Thin Film Set @ 10mm, Minutes                            | 240  |
| Ambient cure time to Service @ 10mm, Hours               | 36   |
| Thin Film Gel @ 20mm, Minutes                            | 120  |
| Thin Film Set @ 20mm, Minutes                            | 180  |
| Ambient cure time to Service @ 20mm, Hours               | 24   |

<sup>\*</sup> Thermal degradation temperature. This does not necessarily represent the ultimate maximum permissable temperature.

This information is supplied as an indicative reference only. Caution should be used where direct comparisons are to be made.

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#### SURFACE PREPARATION

Methods for substrate preparation may include chemical means such as washing & etching, high pressure water blasting, or traditional abrasive blasting techniques. Caution should be maintained in selecting a technique that provides satisfactory anchor for the lining. Specialist advice is available from Peerless Industrial Systems to ensure the correct preparation procedure is employed for specific applications.

#### **APPLICATION**

Mixing of product should be carried out using slow speed mixers or spatulas, and completed by adding to the component "A", the component "B". Ensure the mix is homogenous and free from lumps.

Application can be carried out by applying mixed compound directly to the desired area or component with gloved hands or by tools such as paint scrapers, putty knives or flat steel trowels, the latter mainly for large horizontal areas. Application can be carried out with relative ease on vertical or horizontal surfaces.

Note: Re-application or second coat application over cured XD-001 should only be carried out after abrading back the existing application.

#### **POSTCURE**

To acheive full cross linking density and maximum performance, applied product should be allowed to "gel" or become "tack free" before applying heat cure.

Heat curing can be carried out by:

- (a) Post gel at 50°C for 6 8 hours using heat lamps, etc.
- (b) Followed by post cure for 6 8 hours at 120°C.
- Step (b) can be carried out by insitu curing.



#### **CHEMICAL RESISTANCE**

Tested at 21°C. Samples cured for 10 days at 25°C. Curing at elevated temperatures will improve chemical resistance.

- 1 = Continuous or long term immersion
- 2 = Short term immersion
- 3 = Splash and spills
- 4 = Avoid contact

| Acetic Acid, 10 %         | 2 | Acetone             | 1 |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Acetic Acid, Glacial      | 2 | Ammonium Chloride   | 1 |
| Hydrochloric Acid, 5 %    | 1 | Beer                | 1 |
| Hydrochloric Acid, 10 %   | 1 | Dichloromethane     | 2 |
| Hydrochloric Acid, conc   | 1 | Diesel Fuel         | 1 |
| Nitric Acid, 5 %          | 2 | Isopropyl Alcohol   | 1 |
| Nitric Acid, 10 %         | 2 | Kerosene            | 1 |
| Phosphoric Acid, 5 %      | 1 | Petrol              | 1 |
| Phosphoric Acid, 20 %     | 1 | Salt Water          | 1 |
| Sulfuric Acid, 5 %        | 1 | Sewage              | 1 |
| Sulfuric Acid, 20 %       | 1 | Skydrol             | 1 |
| Ammonium Hydroxide, 5 %   | 1 | Sodium Cyanide      | 1 |
| Ammonium Hydroxide, 20 %  | 1 | Sodium Hypochlorite | 1 |
| Potassium Hydroxide, 5 %  | 1 | Toluene             | 2 |
| Potassium Hydroxide, 20 % | 1 | Trichloroethane     | 1 |
| Sodium Hydroxide, 5 %     | 1 | Wine                | 1 |
| Sodium Hydroxide, 20 %    | 1 | Xylene              | 1 |
|                           |   |                     |   |

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EVERY EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO PROTECT AGAINST CARBAMATE FORMATION DURING APPLICATION IF RECOATING. CONSULT WITH THE MANUFACTURER FOR MORE DETAILS.

#### **CURE**

Variations in cure may arise due to the amount of material being applied, the thickness of material being applied, the surface temperature, and the product temperature. The cure may be increased by heating product or by leaving mixed material stand for 15 minutes before use. The cure may be decreased by cooling the product before mixing.

### EPIGEN PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED BY Peerless Industrial Systems Pty Ltd

ABN 14 097 615 391

79 Robinson Ave, Belmont, WA 6104 PO Box 407, Cloverdale, WA 6985

Phone: (08) 9477 3788 Fax: (08) 9477 3766 Email: service@peerlessindustrialsystems.com www.peerlessindustrialsystems.com www.epigen.com.au